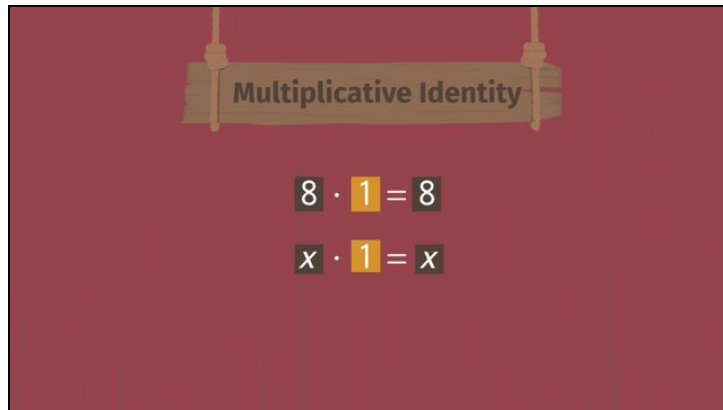


Worksheets to print out from [sofatutor.com](https://www.sofatutor.com)

Using the Identity and Inverse to Write Equivalent Expressions



- 1 Find the right identity or inverse needed to make the equation true.
- 2 Describe the additive and multiplicative inverses and identities.
- 3 Determine which statements are true.
- 4 Decide which inverse or identity is being applied to x in the equation.
- 5 Identify which inverse or identity x represents for each equation.
- 6 Recall the definitions of additive identity, multiplicative identity, additive inverse, and multiplicative inverse.
- + with many hints, answer keys, and solution approaches for all tasks



The complete package, **including all tasks, hints, solutions, and solution approaches**, is available to all subscribers of [sofatutor.com](https://www.sofatutor.com)

Find the right identity or inverse needed to make the equation true.

Fill in the blank.

1 $5 + (\dots_1) = 0$

2 $3 \times (\dots_2 \div \dots_3) = 1$

3 $4 + \dots_4 = 4$

4 $7 \times \dots_5 = 7$

5 $4 + (\dots_6) = 0$

6 $13 \times (\dots_7 \div \dots_8) = 1$

Our hints for the tasks



Find the right identity or inverse needed to make the equation true.

1. Hint

Write a fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ as follows $1 \div 2$.

2. Hint

The additive identity is 0 and the multiplicative identity is 1.

3. Hint

For any given number x the additive inverse is $-x$ and, if $x \neq 0$, the multiplicative inverse is $\frac{1}{x} = 1 \div x$.

Solutions and solution approaches for the tasks

1
from 6

Find the right identity or inverse needed to make the equation true.

Answer key: 1: -5 // 2: 1 // 3: 3 // 4: 0 // 5: 1 // 6: -4 // 7: 1 // 8: 13

Keep the following in mind:

- The additive identity is 0.
- The multiplicative identity is 1.
- The additive inverse of any given number x is $-x$. Just change the sign.
- The multiplicative inverse of any non zero number x is $\frac{1}{x} = 1 \div x$, the reciprocal.

With this we can quickly solve the following exercises:

1. $5 + (-5) = 0$

2. $3 \times (1 \div 3) = 1$

3. $4 + (0) = 4$

4. $7 \times (1) = 7$

5. $4 + (-4) = 0$

6. $13 \times (1 \div 13) = 1$