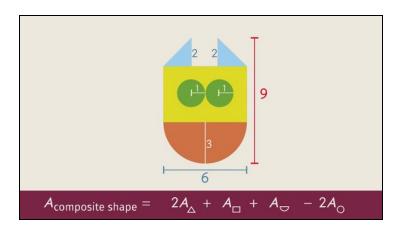
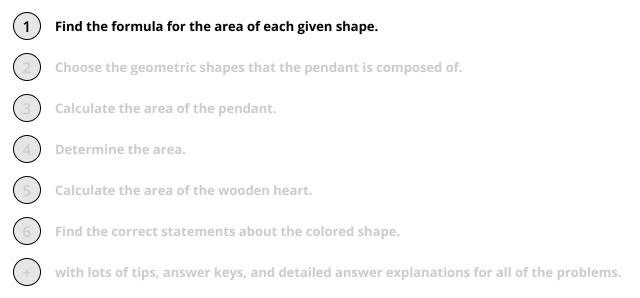


Printable Worksheets from sofatutor.com

Composite Area Problems







The complete package, including all problems, hints, answers, and detailed answer explanations is available for all sofatutor.com subscribers.





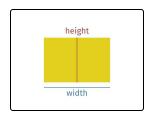


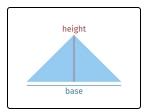
Find the formula for the area of each given shape.

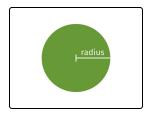
Fill in the blanks.

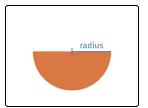
 $\frac{1}{2}(\text{width})(\text{height}) \boxed{ \pi(\text{radius})^2 } \boxed{ (\text{base})(\text{height}) } \boxed{ (\text{width})(\text{height})}$

 $\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mathrm{radius})^2$ $\boxed{\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{base})(\mathrm{height})}$









Hints for solving these problems



Find the formula for the area of each given shape.

Hint #1

The area of a half circle is half of the area of a circle.

Hint #2

 π is used to determine the area or the circumference of a circle.

Hint #3

A right triangle is half of a rectangle.





Answers and detailed answer explanations for these problems



Find the formula for the area of each given shape.

Answer key: 1: $(\mathrm{width})(\mathrm{height})$ // 2: $\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{base})(\mathrm{height})$ // 3: $\pi(\mathrm{radius})^2$ // 4: $\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mathrm{radius})^2$

To calculate the areas we want, we need a few formulas:

- ullet Rectangle: $A_{
 m rectangle} = ({
 m width})({
 m height})$
- ullet Triangle: $A_{
 m triangle}=rac{1}{2}({
 m base})({
 m height})$
- ullet Circle: $A_{
 m circle} = \pi({
 m radius})^2$
- Half circle: $A_{
 m half\ circle}=rac{1}{2}\pi({
 m radius})^2$

