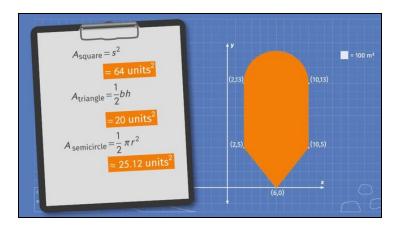
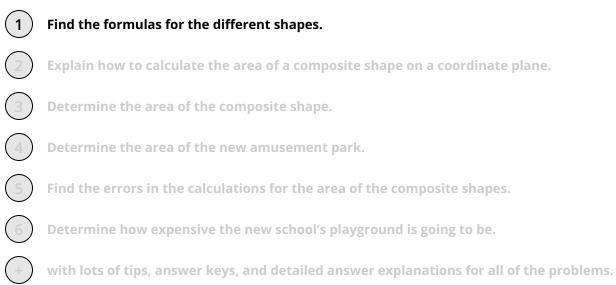


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Unknown Area Problems on the Coordinate Plane







The complete package, **including all problems**, **hints**, **answers**, **and detailed answer explanations** is available for all sofatutor.com subscribers.





Find the formulas for the different shapes.

Match the elements.

 $-\mathbf{1} - \mathbf{1} - \mathbf{1} = \frac{1}{3}bh$

The area of a **circle** is given by...

... $A=rac{1}{2}(b+s)h$

The area of a **square** is given by...

 $... A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

The area of a **triangle** is given by...

 $... A = s^2$

The area of a **trapezoid** is given by...

-6 ... $A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$



Mathematics / Middle School / Expressions and Equations / Use Equations and Inequalities to Solve Geometry Problems/ Unknown Area Problems on the Coordinate Plane

Hints for solving these problems



Find the formulas for the different shapes.

Hint #1

Take the special triangle, a right triangle. This is the half of a rectangle. So the area is the half of the product of both legs.

Hint #2

A square is a special rectangle.

The area of a rectangle is given by the formula A = lh.

where l is the length and h the height.





Answers and detailed answer explanations for these problems



Find the formulas for the different shapes.

Answer key: A—5 // B—4 // C—3 // D—6

To determine areas of composite shapes you have to memorize several formulas for areas:

- ullet A circle with the radius r has the area $A=\pi r^2$ where $\pi pprox 3.14$.
- A square with the side length $\,s$ has the area $\,A=s^2$.
- ullet A triangle with the base, b, and the corresponding height, h, has the area $A=rac{1}{2}bh$.
- A trapezoid has two parallel sides with base lengths b_1 as well as b_2 . The height of the trapezoid is h. So we use the following formula to determine the area $A=\frac{1}{2}(b_1+b_2)(h)$.

